AMENDMENTS

Listing of Claims

- 1. (Currently amended) A method of quantitating the amount of a protein or peptide in a sample comprising:
 - (a) obtaining a sample containing said protein or peptide;
 - (b) providing an unlabeled standard protein or peptide wherein the standard is a derivative of the protein or peptide of interest at a known or measurable quantity;
 - (c) co-crystallizing the protein or peptide and standard with a matrix;
 - (d) analyzing the crystallized target protein or peptide and standard using matrixassisted laser dissorption/ionization time of flight (MALDI-TOF) mass spectrometry; and
 - (e) determining the amount of the protein or peptide present in the sample based on the analysis in (d).
- 2. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein said sample is derived from a cell.
- 3. (Previously presented) The method of claim 2, wherein said cell is a prokaryotic cell.
- 4. (Previously presented) The method of claim 2, wherein said cell is a eukaryotic cell.
- 5. (Previously presented) The method of claim 2, wherein said cell is a mammalian cell.
- 6. (Previously presented) The method of claim 2, wherein said cell is a human cell.
- 7. (Previously presented) The method of claim 6, wherein said human cell is a cardiomyocte.

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- 8. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein said sample is derived from an organ.
- 9. (Previously presented) The method of claim 8, wherein said organ is a heart.
- 10. (Currently amended) The method of claim 8, wherein said sample is organ is a human heart.
- 11. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein said sample is obtained from plasma.
- 12. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein said sample is obtained from serum.
- 13. (Currently amended) The method of claim 1, wherein said source sample has been previously exposed to an agent that alters the expression or structure of the protein or peptide.
- 14. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the protein is alpha myosin heavy chain.
- 15. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the protein is beta myosin heavy chain.
- 16. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the protein is cardiac actin.
- 17. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the protein is skeletal actin.
- 18. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the peptide is produced by proteolytic cleavage.

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- 19. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the peptide is produced by chemical cleavage.
- 20. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the peptide is produced by enzymatic digestion.
- 21. (Previously presented) The method of claim 20, wherein the enzymatic digestion is performed by an endopeptidase.
- 22. (Previously presented) The method of claim 20, wherein the enzymatic digestion is performed by a protease.
- 23. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the protein, peptide and/or standard are produced synthetically.
- 24. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the standard is designed by modifying a single amino acid from the target protein or peptide.
- 25. (Currently amended) A method of quantitatively comparing the amount of a plurality of structurally distinct proteins or peptides in a sample comprising:
 - (a) obtaining one or more samples containing said multiply distinct target proteins or peptides;
 - (b) providing an unlabeled standard protein or peptide for each target protein, wherein the standard is a derivative of the target protein or peptide of interest at a known or measurable quantity;
 - (c) co-crystallizing the target proteins or peptides and standard with a matrix;
 - (d) analyzing the crystallized target proteins or peptides and standard using matrixassisted laser dissorption/ionization time of flight (MALDI-TOF) mass spectrometry; and

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- (e) determining relative or absolute amounts of each target protein or peptide analyzed that is present in the sample.
- 26. (Previously presented) The method of claim 25, wherein the proteins are isoforms of each other.
- 27. (Previously presented) The method of claim 26, wherein the isomers are phosphoisomers.
- 28. (Previously presented) The method of claim 25, wherein said sample is derived from a cell.
- 29. (Previously presented) The method of claim 28, wherein said cell is a prokaryotic cell.
- 30. (Previously presented) The method of claim 28, wherein said cell is a eukaryotic cell.
- 31. (Previously presented) The method of claim 28, wherein said cell is a mammalian cell.
- 32. (Previously presented) The method of claim 28, wherein said cell is a human cell.
- 33. (Previously presented) The method of claim 32, wherein said human cell is a cardiomyocte.
- 34. (Previously presented) The method of claim 25, wherein said sample is derived from an organ.
- 35. (Previously presented) The method of claim 34, wherein said sample organ is a heart.
- 36. (Previously presented) The method of claim 34, wherein said organ is a human heart.
- 37. (Previously presented) The method of claim 25, wherein said sample is obtained from plasma.

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- 38. (Previously presented) The method of claim 25, wherein said sample is obtained from serum.
- 39. (Currently amended) The method of claim 25, wherein said source sample has been previous exposed to an agent that alters the expression or structure of the proteins or peptides.
- 40. (Previously presented) The method of claim 25, wherein one of the proteins is a-myosin heavy chain.
- 41. (Previously presented) The method of claim 25, wherein one of the proteins is b-myosin heavy chain.
- 42. (Previously presented) The method of claim 25, wherein one of the proteins is cardiac actin.
- 43. (Previously presented) The method of claim 25, wherein one of the proteins is skeletal actin.
- 44. (Previously presented) The method of claim 25, wherein the peptides are produced by proteolytic cleavage.
- 45. (Previously presented) The method of claim 25, wherein the peptides are produced by chemical cleavage.
- 46. (Previously presented) The method of claim 25, wherein the peptides are produced by enzymatic digestion.
- 47. (Previously presented) The method of claim 46, wherein the enzymatic digestion is performed by an endopeptidase.

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- 48. (Previously presented) The method of claim 46, wherein the enzymatic digestion is performed by a protease.
- 49. (Previously presented) The method of claim 25, wherein the proteins, peptides and/or standards are produced synthetically.
- 50. (Previously presented) The method of claim 25, wherein the standards are proteins or peptides derived or synthesized directly from the proteins of interest.
- 51. (Previously presented) The method of claim 25, wherein the standard are designed by modifying a single amino acid from the target proteins or peptides.
- 52. (Currently amended) A method of determining relative amounts of at least two distinct proteins or peptides in a sample comprising:
 - (a) obtaining a-samples containing said multiply distinct target proteins or peptides;
 - (b) co-crystallizing the target proteins or peptides and <u>an unlabeled</u> standard with a matrix;
 - (c) analyzing the crystallized target proteins or peptides using matrix- assisted laser dissorption/ionization time of flight (MALDI-TOF) mass spectrometry; and
 - (d) determining the relative amount of each target protein or peptide analyzed that is present in the sample.

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